Local Unit of Government Type

County

Auditing Procedures Report
Issued under P.A. 2 of 1968, as amended and P.A. 71 of 1919, as amended.

City

X Twp

Fisca	l Year	End		Opinion Date			Date Audit Report Submitted to State			
Ma	rch 3	31, 2	2008	May 6, 2008			May 16, 200	8		
We a	ffirm	that:								
			d public accountants							
We fu Mana	urther agem	affir	rm the following mate etter (report of com	erial, "no" respons ments and recomr	es have l nendation	been disclos ns).	ed in the financial	statements, inclu	ding the notes, or in the	
	YES	9	Check each applic	cable box below.	(See inst	tructions for t	further detail.)			
1.	×	reporting entity notes to the financial statements as necessary.							ments and/or disclosed in the	
2.	There are no accumulated deficits in one or more of this unit's unreserved fund balances/unrestricted net assets (P.A. 275 of 1980) or the local unit has not exceeded its budget for expenditures.						stricted net assets			
3.	X		The local unit is in	compliance with th	ne Uniform	m Chart of A	ccounts issued by	the Department of	f Treasury.	
4.	X		The local unit has a	adopted a budget	for all rec	quired funds.				
5.	×		A public hearing or	the budget was h	neld in ac	cordance wit	th State statute.			
6.	\boxtimes			not violated the Mi	unicipal F	inance Act,	an order issued ur	nder the Emergen	cy Municipal Loan Act, or	
7.	×		The local unit has i	not been delinque	nt in distr	ibuting tax re	evenues that were	collected for anot	her taxing unit.	
8.	×		The local unit only	holds deposits/inv	estments	s that comply	with statutory red	quirements.		
9.	×		The local unit has a	no illegal or unaut its of Government	horized e in Michig	expenditures gan, as revise	that came to our a ed (see Appendix	attention as define H of Bulletin).	d in the Bulletin for	
10.	There are no indications of defalcation, fraud or embezzlement, which came to our attention during the course of our attention during the course of our attention to be previously communicated to the Local Audit and Finance Division (LAFD). If there is such activity to not been communicated, please submit a separate report under separate cover.					luring the course of our audit If there is such activity that h				
11.	×		The local unit is fre	ee of repeated con	nments fr	rom previous	years.			
12.	×		The audit opinion i	s UNQUALIFIED.						
13.	\times		The local unit has accepted accounti			GASB 34 as	modified by MCC	GAA Statement #7	and other generally	
14.	×		The board or coun	cil approves all in	voices pr	ior to payme	nt as required by	charter or statute.		
15.	×		To our knowledge,	, bank reconciliation	ons that v	vere reviewe	d were performed	timely.		
inc	ludeo script	in i	t of government (au this or any other au s) of the authority and igned, certify that th	idit report, nor do d/or commission.	they ob	otain a stand	-alone audit, plea	he boundaries of ase enclose the n	the audited entity and is not ame(s), address(es), and a	
We	e hav	e er	closed the following	ng:	Enclosed	Not Require	ed (enter a brief justi	fication)		
Fir	nancia	al St	atements		\boxtimes					
Th	e lett	er of	Comments and Rec	commendations	\boxtimes	Communic	cation with Those	Charged with Gov	rernance.	
Ot	her (0	Descri	be)			ËĖ.				
			Accountant (Firm Name)				Telephone Number			
			ing, C.P.A.				989-635-3113		7in	
-	eet Ad 531 I		Street				City Marlette	State	Zip 48453	
	T-100	29.00	A Signature		Pri	nted Name		License	Number	
1	XI	1	*		Le	ehn L. King	, C.P.A.	A248	781	
1										

Local Unit Name

Other

□Village

Koylton Township

Date Audit Report Submitted to State

County

Tuscola County

Tuscola County, Michigan

Audited Financial Report March 31, 2008

Lehn L. King
Certified Public Accountant
Marlette, Michigan

Township of KoyltonAnnual Financial Report
For The Fiscal Year Ended March 31, 2008

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Phone 989-635-3113 Fax 989-635-5580

Members of the Township Board **Koylton Township** Tuscola County, Michigan

Independent Auditor's Report

I have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Township of Koylton, Michigan as of and for the year ended March 31, 2008, which collectively comprise the Township's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Township of Koylton, Michigan's management. My responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on my audit.

I conducted my audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluation the overall financial statement presentation. I believe that my audit provides a reasonable basis for my opinions.

In my opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Township of Koylton, Michigan as of March 31, 2008 and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof for the year then ended, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The management's discussion and analysis, and the budgetary comparison schedules, as identified in the table of contents, are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplemental information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. I have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management, regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplemental information. However, I did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

The Audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Township of Koylton, Michigan's basic financial statements. The accompanying other supplemental information, as identified in the table of contents, is presented for the purpose of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The other supplemental information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in my opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

As described in Note 1, the Township has implemented a new financial reporting model, as required by the provisions of GASB Statement No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements - and Management's Discussion and Analysis - for State and Local Governments*, and related statements, as of April 1, 2004.

Lehn L. King

Lehn King

Certified Public Accountant

May 5, 2008

Kingston, Michigan

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS LETTER

Our discussion and analysis of the Township of Koylton's financial performance provides an overview of the Township's financial activities for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2008. Please read it in conjunction with the Township's financial statements.

Financial Highlights

The Township is in a good financial position with a General Fund Balance of \$100,360.

However, the Township budget for the upcoming year could experience expenditures exceeding the revenues, thus, using up some of the current fund balance. The State anticipates cutting State Shared Revenues and costs for Fire Protection, Road Maintenance, Insurance and other Township activities are rising. So, even though the Township is in stable financial position, good financial planning is necessary for the future years.

Using this Report

This annual report is presented in a format consistent with the presentation requirements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No.34. GASB Statement 34 implements a new model of financial reporting for state and local governments designed to enhance the usefulness of the Township's annual report.

The Township as a Whole

The Township of Koylton's fund balances are as follows:

	March 31, 2008			March 31, 2007		
General Fund	\$	100,360	\$	97,364		
Total for Township	\$	100,360	\$	97,364		

Kingston, Michigan

Governmental Activities

The Township of Koylton's Revenues and Expenditures can be summarized as follows:

	General Fund			
	March 31,			
	2008	2007		
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	\$ 97,374	\$ 165,656		
Revenue Collected				
Intergovernmental Revenue	105,607	104,907		
Property Taxes	143,600	135,385		
Charges for Services	2,780	2,540		
Transfers	-	-		
Other	15,274	7,104		
Total Revenue Collected	267,261	249,936		
Expenditures				
General Government	71,090	72,384		
Public Safety	50,624	41,231		
Public Works	142,050	204,603		
Recreation & Culture	500			
Total Expenditures	264,264	318,218		
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$ 100,371	\$ 97,374		

Kingston, Michigan

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget and Rates

The Township of Koylton's adopted budget for the year ending March 31, 2008 is as follows:

	Ger	neral Fund	
	March 31, 2008		
Fund Balance Surplus Revenue	\$	80,338	
Intergovernmental Revenue		105,000 157,000	
Property Taxes Charges for Services		2,600	
Other Total Revenue Collected		33,200 297,800	
Expenditures			
General Government		106,023	
Public Safety		54,250	
Public Works	Works 2		
Total Expenditures		377,773	
Net Over/Under Budget	\$	365	

Contacting the Township

This report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers and creditors with a general overview of the Township's finances and to demonstrate the Township's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Township Supervisor at (989) 683-2849.

Albert Ruggles Township of Koylton Supervisor

Statement of Net Assets (Deficit) March 31, 2008

	Primary	
	Government	
	Governmental	
	Activities	
<u>Assets</u>		
Cash & Cash Equivalents	\$ 80,426.61	
Property Tax Receivable	19,933.75	
Capital Assets (Net of Accumulated Depreciation)		
Total Assets	100,360.36	
<u>Liabilities</u>		
Accounts Payable	\$ -	
Total Liabilities		
Net Assets (Deficit)		
Invested in Capital Assets - Net of		
Related Debt	-	
Unrestricted	100,360.36	
Total Net Assets (Deficit)	\$ 100,360.36	

Township of Koylton Statement of Activities

Statement of Activities For the Year Ended March 31, 2008

Net (Expense)

		Program Revenues Operating Capital					Revenue & Changes in Net Assets Primary Government		
		C	harges for	-	ants &		ants &		overnmental
	Expenses		Services	Conti	ributions	Cont	ributions		Activities
Functions/Programs									
Primary Government:									
Governmental Activities:									
General Government	\$ 71,090.40	\$	2,780.00	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(68,310.40)
Public Safety	50,624.03		-		-		-		(50,624.03)
Public Works	142,050.50		-		-		-		(142,050.50)
Recreation & Culture	500.00		-		-		-		(500.00)
Interest on Long-Term Debt			-		-				
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 264,264.93	\$	2,780.00	\$	-	\$	-		(261,484.93)
	General Revenues:								
	Property Taxes							\$	143,600.18
	State Shared Revenue	es						Ť	105,607.00
	Interest								750.18
	Other Revenues								14,523.70
	Transfers								- -
	Total	General Re	evenues, Special	Items & Ti	ransfers				264,481.06
	Change in Net Assets								2,996.13
	Net Assets (Deficit) - Be	eginning o	f Year						97,364.23
	Net Assets (Deficit) - En	nd of Year	<u>.</u>					\$	100,360.36

Governmental Funds Balance Sheet March 31, 2008

		Totals
	General	Governmental
	Fund	Funds
<u>Assets</u>		
Cash & Certificates of Deposit	\$ 80,426.61	\$ 80,426.61
Property Taxes Receivable	19,933.75	19,933.75
Total Assets	\$ 100,360.36	\$ 100,360.36
Liabilities & Fund Equity		
<u>Liabilities</u>		
Accounts Payable	\$	\$ -
<u>Total Liabilities</u>	\$ -	\$ -
Fund Equity		
Fund Balances		
- Unreserved & Undesignated	100,360.36	100,360.36
Total Fund Balances	100,360.36	100,360.36
Total Liabilities & Fund Equity	\$ 100,360.36	\$ 100,360.36

Governmental Funds Reconciliation of Fund Balances to the Statement of Net Assets (Deficit) For The Year Ended March 31, 2008

Total Fund Balances for Governmental Funds	\$ 100,360.36
Amounts reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Assets (Deficit) are different because:	
Capital Assets used in Governmental Activities are not Financial Resources and are not reported in the Funds	-
Special assessment receivables are expected to be collected over several years, and are not available to pay for current year expenditures	-
Long-Term Bonds Payable are not due and payable in the current period and are not reported in the Funds	-
Accrued Interest Payable is not reported in the Funds	
Net Assets of Governmental Activities	\$ 100,360.36

Township of KoyltonGovernmental Funds

Governmental Funds
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, And Changes
in Fund Balances
For The Year Ended March 31, 2008

	General Fund	Totals Governmental Funds
Revenues		
Property Taxes	\$ 143,600.18	\$ 143,600.18
State Shared Revenue	105,607.00	105,607.00
Charges for Services	2,780.00	2,780.00
Interest Earnings	750.18	750.18
Other Revenues	14,523.70	14,523.70
<u>Total Revenues</u>	267,261.06	267,261.06
Expenditures		
General Government	71,090.40	71,090.40
Public Safety	50,624.03	50,624.03
Publics Works	142,050.50	142,050.50
Recreation & Culture	500.00	500.00
Total Expenditures	264,264.93	264,264.93
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	2,996.13	2,996.13
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year	97,364.23	97,364.23
Fund Balances - End of Year	\$ 100,360.36	\$ 100,360.36

Governmental Funds
Reconciliation of Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities
For The Year Ended March 31, 2008

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ 2,996.13
Amounts reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:	
Governmental Funds report Capital Outlays as Expenditures; in the Statement of Activities, these costs are capitalized and allocated over their estimated useful lives as Depreciation	-
Special assessment revenues are recorded in the statement of activities when the assessment is set; they are not reported in the funds until collected or collectible within 60 days of year end	-
Repayment of Bond Principal is an Expenditure in the Governmental Funds, but not in the Statement of Activities (where it reduces Long-Term Debt)	-
Interest Expense is reported in the Statement of Activities when a Liability is incurred; they are reported in the Governmental Funds only when payment is due	-
Depreciation is an Expenditure for the Statement of Activities, but is not reported in the Governmental Funds	
Net Assets of Governmental Activities	\$ 2,996.13

Statement of Net Assets (Deficit) Fiduciary Funds March 31, 2008

<u>Assets</u>	Ager T	Fiduciary Fund Agency Funds Trust & Agency Fund			
Cash - Savings & Certificates	\$	631.56			
Total Assets	\$	631.56			
<u>Liabilities & Fund Balance</u> <u>Liabilities</u> Due To Others	\$	631.56			
Total Liabilities		631.56			
Fund Balances Unreserved & Undesignated					
Total Fund Balances					
Total Liabilities & Fund Balances	\$	631.56			

Notes to the Financial Statements For The Year Ended March 31, 2008

The accounting methods and procedures adopted by the Township of Koylton, Tuscola County, Michigan, conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applied to governmental entities. The following notes to the financial statements are an integral part of the Townships Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Financial Reporting Entity

The Township was incorporated under the laws of the State of Michigan and operates as a General Law Township, with a Township Board form of government. As required by generally accepted accounting principles, the financial statements of the reporting entity include those of the Township (the primary government) and its component units. The component units discussed below are included in the Township reporting entity because of the significance of their operational or financial relationships with the Township.

Component Units - In accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, there are <u>no</u> component units of Government required to be included in the Financial Reporting Entity either as blended component units or discretely presented component units.

Government-wide and Fund Statements Fund

The Government-wide Financial Statements (i.e., the Statement of Net Assets (Deficit) and the Statement of Activities) report information on all the nonfiduciary activities of the Township (the primary government). The effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from certain legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function (governmental activities) or identifiable activity (business-type activities) are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or activity. Program revenues include: (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or activity; and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or activity. Taxes and other revenue items properly excluded from program revenues are reported as general revenue.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the Government-wide Financial Statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

The Township reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - The General Fund is the Township's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government.

Additionally, the Township reports the following fund types:

Trust & Agency Funds - The Trust & Agency Fund accounts for assets held by the Township in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, organizations, or other governments.

Notes to the Financial Statements For The Year Ended March 31, 2008

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The Government-wide Financial Statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenue is recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized in the accounting period in which they become susceptible to accrual - that is, when they become both measurable and available. Revenue is considered to be available if it is collected within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period, generally collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Revenues susceptible to accrual include property taxes, intergovernmental revenues, special assessments, licenses, charges for services, and interest. All other revenue items are considered to be available only when cash is received by the Township. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, and claims and judgments are recorded only when payment is due.

Cash - The Township does not pool cash resources of its various funds to facilitate the management of cash. Cash applicable to a particular fund is readily identifiable. The balance in the cash accounts is available to meet current operating requirements. Cash in excess of current requirements is invested in various interest-bearing securities and disclosed as part of the Township's investments.

Investments - Debt securities are valued at cost since it is generally the policy of the Township to hold such investments until they mature.

Due to and Due From Other Funds - Interfund receivables and payables arise from interfund transactions and are recorded by all funds affected in the period in which transactions are executed. Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and the business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

Property Tax Revenues - Property taxes are levied on December 1 based on the assessed value of property as listed on the previous December 31. Assessed values are an approximation of market value. A revaluation of all real property must be made every year.

Vacation, Sick Leave, & Other Compensated Absences - The Township does not have any contracts or agreements with its employees or elected officials which require the payment of compensation during absence from duty nor do any such benefits vest to the right of the employee or elected official.

Capital Assets - Capital assets, which include buildings and equipment, are reported in the applicable governmental column in the Government-wide Financial Statements. Capital assets are defined by the Township as assets with an initial individual cost of more than \$1,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Infrastructure40 yearsBuildings & Building Improvements20 to 40 yearsMachinery & Equipment3 to 10 years

Notes to the Financial Statements For The Year Ended March 31, 2008

Long-Term Obligations - In the Government-wide Financial Statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund statement of net assets. Bond premiums and discounts, issuance costs, and the deferred amount on refunding are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount and deferred amount on refunding. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs are reported as debt service expenditures.

Fund Equity - In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose. Designations of fund balance represent tentative management plans that are subject to change.

Use of Estimates - The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Accounting Changes

GASB Statement No. 34 – Effective April 1, 2004, the Township implemented the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements - and Management's Discussion and Analysis - for State and Local Governments* (GASB No. 34). Changes to the Township's financial statements as a result of GASB No. 34 are as follows:

- A management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) section providing analysis of the Township's overall financial position and results of operations has been included.
- Government-wide Financial Statements (statement of net assets (deficit) and statement of activities) prepared using full accrual accounting for all of the Township's activities have been provided.
- Capital assets in the governmental activities column of the statement of net assets (deficit) includes assets not previously accounted for by the Township as well as assets previously reported in the General Fixed Assets Account Group. In addition, the governmental activities column includes bonds and other long-term obligations previously reported in the General Long-term Debt Account Group.
- The fund financial statements focus on major funds rather than fund types.

Notes to the Financial Statements For The Year Ended March 31, 2008

2. Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

Budgetary Information

The Township is legally subject to the budgetary control requirements of State of Michigan P.A. 621 of 1978 (the Uniform Budgeting Act). The following statements represent a brief synopsis of the major provisions of this Act:

- 1. Budgets must be adopted for the General Fund and Special Revenue Funds.
- 2. The budgets must be balanced. The balanced budget may include a contribution to or appropriation from fund balance.
- 3. The budgets must be amended when necessary.
- 4. Debt cannot be entered into unless permitted by law.
- 5. Expenditures cannot exceed budget appropriations.
- 6. Expenditures cannot be made unless authorized in the budget.
- 7. Public hearings must be held before budget adoptions.

In the body of the financial statements, the Township actual expenditures and budgeted expenditures for the budgetary funds have been shown on a functional basis. The budget is used by the Township Board as a management tool during the year for all budgetary funds. The budgets are adopted on a cash basis, which is not consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Budgetary control is exercised at the departmental level. Budgets for the General Fund and the Special Revenue Funds are presented in the required supplemental information.

During the year ended March 31, 2008, the Township did not incur expenditures in certain budgetary funds which were in excess of the amounts appropriated.

	Total Appropriations		Amount of Expenditures		Budget Variance	
General Fund						
Elections	\$ 1,000	\$	1,785	\$	785	
Fire Protection	45,000		46,678		1,678	

Notes to the Financial Statements For The Year Ended March 31, 2008

3. Cash and Investments

Michigan Compiled Laws, Section 129.91, authorizes the Local Unit to deposit and invest in the accounts of Federally insured banks, credit unions, and savings and loan associations; bonds, securities and other direct obligations of the United States, or any agency or instrumentality of the United States; United States government or Federal agency obligation repurchase agreements; bankers' acceptance of United States banks; commercial paper rated by two standard rating agencies within the two highest classifications, which mature not more than 270 days after the date of purchase; obligations of the State of Michigan or its political subdivisions which are rated investment grade; and mutual funds composed of investment vehicles which are legal for direct investment by local units of government in Michigan. Financial institutions eligible for deposit of public funds must maintain an office in Michigan.

The Township Board has designated one bank for the deposit of Township funds. The investment policy adopted by the Board is in accordance with Public Act 196 of 1997. The Board has authorized investment in bank accounts and CDs, but not the remainder of State statutory authority as listed above. The Township's deposits are in accordance with statutory authority. All cash deposits and investments of the Township are held by the Township in the Township's name.

At year end, the deposits and investments were reported in the basic financial statements in the following categories:

	Governmental Activities		Fiduciary - Trust & Agency Funds		Total Primary Government	
Cash & Cash Equivalents	\$	80,427	\$	632	\$	81,059

The breakdown between deposits and investments is as follows:

Bank Deposits (Checking & Savings Accounts, CDs)

Primary
Government

\$ 81,059

The bank balance of the primary government's deposits is \$81,059, of which \$81,059 is covered by federal depository insurance and \$-0- is collateralized with U.S. Treasury securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department in the Township's name.

The GASB Statement 3 risk disclosures for the Local Unit's investments are as follows:

Investment Type	(1)	(2)	(3)	Carrying Amount	Market Value
NONE					

The cash and investments that are represented by specific identifiable investment securities are classified as to credit risk by the three categories described below:

Category 1	Insured or registered, or securities held by the Township or its agent in the Township's name.
Category 2	Uninsured and unregistered, with securities held by the counterparty's trust department or agent
	in the Township's name.
Category 3	Uninsured and unregistered, with securities held by the counterparty, or by its trust department or agent but not in the Township's name.

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Notes to the Financial Statements For The Year Ended March 31, 2008

4. Property Taxes

The Township is responsible for assessing, collecting, and distributing property taxes in accordance with enabling state legislation. Property taxes become a lien on the first day of December of the levy year and may be paid by the following February 14.

Property taxes are recognized in compliance with NCGAI-3 which states that such revenue is recorded when it becomes measurable and available.

5. Capital Assets

None

6. Deficit Fund Balance or Retained Earnings Balances of Individual Funds

None

7. Comparative Data

Comparative total data for the prior year has not been presented.

8. Long -Term Debt

None

9. Post Employment Benefits

The Township does not provide any post employment benefits.

10. Risk Management

The Township is exposed to various risks of loss related to property loss, torts, errors and omissions, employee injuries, as well as medical and workman's compensation benefits provided to employees. The Township has purchased commercial insurance for the various risks of loss stated above.

Settled claims for the commercial insurance have not exceeded the amount of coverage in any of the past three years. There was no reduction in coverage's obtained through commercial insurance during the past year.

Required Supplemental Information

Required Supplemental Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund For The Year Ended March 31, 2008

General Fund Variance with Original Amended Amended Budget Budget Actual Budget Revenues Property Taxes 133,900.00 \$ 133,900.00 143,600.18 \$ 9,700.18 State Shared Revenues 100,000.00 5,607.00 100,000.00 105,607.00 Charges for Services 2,250.00 2,250.00 530.00 2,780.00 500.00 Interest Earnings 500.00 750.18 250.18 Other Revenues 28,800.00 28,800.00 14,523.70 (14,276.30)**Total Revenues** 265,450.00 265,450.00 267,261.06 1,811.06 **Expenditures General Government** Township Board 5,000.00 5,000.00 3,600.00 1,400.00 Administration 26,000.00 26,000.00 7,819.60 18,180.40 Clerk 12,750.00 12,750.00 12,550.00 200.00 Treasurer 21,688.00 21,688.00 18,945.32 2,742.68 Supervisor 8,850.00 8,850.00 8,850.04 (0.04)Assessor 9,550.00 9,550.00 9,548.08 1.92 Elections 1,000.00 1,000.00 1,784.86 (784.86)Professional Services 8,000.00 8,000.00 2,552.50 5,447.50 200.00 Board of Review 800.00 800.00 600.00 5,000.00 Township Hall Expense 5,000.00 2,840.00 2,160.00 Cemetery 2,000.00 2,000.00 2,000.00 Total General Government 100,638.00 100,638.00 71,090.40 29,547.60 **Public Safety** Planning & Zoning 6,500.00 6,500.00 3,946.03 2,553.97 Fire Protection 45,000.00 45,000.00 46,678.00 (1,678.00)51,500.00 51,500.00 50,624.03 875.97 Total Public Safety **Public Works** Roads 193,900.00 193,900.00 119,686.31 74,213.69 22,364.19 Drains at Large 26,000.00 26,000.00 3,635.81 219,900.00 219,900.00 142,050.50 77,849.50 Total Public Works **Recreation & Culture** 800.00 800.00 500.00 300.00 Total Expenditures 372,838.00 372,838.00 264,264.93 108,573.07 **Excess of Revenues Over** (Under) Expenditures (107,388.00)(107,388.00)2,996.13 110,384.13 Fund Balance - Beginning of Year 107,400.00 107,400.00 97,364.23 (10,035.77)Fund Balance - End of Year 12.00 12.00 100,360.36 100,348.36

LEHN L. KING

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT

3531 MAIN STREET MARLETTE, MICHIGAN 48453

Phone 989-635-3113 Fax 989-635-5580

May 13, 2008

Koylton Township 5819 Phillips Road Kingston, MI 48741

To Members of the Board:

I have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Township of Koylton for the year ended March 31, 2008, and have issued my report thereon dated May 13, 2008. Professional standards require that I provide you with the following information related to my audit.

My Responsibility under U.S. Generally Accepted Auditing Standards

As stated in my engagement letter dated September 25, 2007, my responsibility, as described by professional standards, is to express opinions about whether the financial statements prepared by management with your oversight are fairly presented, in all material respects, in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. My audit of the financial statements does not relieve you or management of your responsibilities.

Planned Scope and Timing of the Audit

I performed the audit according to the planned scope and timing previously communicated to you.

Significant Audit Findings

Qualitative Aspects of Accounting Practices

Management is responsible for the selection and use of appropriate accounting policies. In accordance with the terms of my engagement letter, I will advise management about the appropriateness of accounting policies and their application. The significant accounting policies used by the Township of Koylton are described in Note 1 to the financial statements. No new accounting policies were adopted and the application of existing policies was not changed during the year ending March 31, 2008. I noted no transactions entered into by the governmental unit during the year for which there is a lack of authoritative guidance or consensus. There are no significant transactions that have been recognized in the financial statements in a different period than when the transaction occurred.

Accounting estimates are an integral part of the financial statements prepared by management and are based on management's knowledge and experience about past and current events and assumptions about future events. Certain accounting estimates are particularly sensitive because of their significance to the financial statements and because of the possibility that future events affecting them may differ significantly from those expected.

Difficulties Encountered in Performing the Audit

I encountered no significant difficulties in dealing with management in performing and completing my audit.

Audit Adjustments (Corrected and Uncorrected Misstatements)

Professional standards require me to accumulate all known and likely misstatements identified during the audit, other than those that are trivial, and communicate them to the appropriate level of management. Management has corrected all such misstatements. In addition, none of the misstatements detected as a result of audit procedures and corrected by management were material, either individually or in the aggregate, to the financial statements taken as a whole.

Disagreements with Management

For purposes of this letter, professional standards define a disagreement with management as a financial accounting, reporting, or auditing matter, whether or not resolved to my satisfaction, that could be significant to the financial statements or the auditor's report. I am pleased to report that no such disagreements arose during the course of my audit.

Management Representations

I have requested certain representations from management that are included in the management representation letter dated May 13, 2008.

Management Consultations with Other Independent Accountants

In some cases, management may decide to consult with other accountants about auditing and accounting matters, similar to obtaining a "second opinion" on certain situations. If a consultation involves application of an accounting principle to the governmental unit's financial statements or a determination of the type of auditor's opinion that may be expressed on those statements, professional standards require the consulting accountant to check with me to determine that the consultant has all the relevant facts. To my knowledge, there were no such consultations with other accountants.

Other Audit Findings or Issues

I generally discuss a variety of matters, including the application of accounting principles and auditing standards, with management each year prior to retention as the governmental unit's auditors. However, these discussions occurred in the normal course of my professional relationship and my responses were not a condition to my retention.

Communication of Significant Deficiencies and Material Weaknesses

In planning and performing my audit of the financial statements, as of and for the year ended March 31, 2008, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, I considered the Township of Koylton's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing my auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing my opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the governmental unit's internal control. Accordingly, I do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the governmental unit's internal control.

My consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. However, as discussed below, I identified certain deficiencies in internal control that I consider to be significant deficiencies and other deficiencies that I consider to be material weaknesses.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or a combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the entity's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control. I considered the following deficiencies to be significant deficiencies in internal control:

Preparation of Financial Statements - Management prepares internal financial information to assess operations and the financial position of the Township of Koylton on an ongoing basis. Although the internal financial information is sufficient to operate the Township, it is not presented in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. The Township contracts with me, the auditor, to draft the financial statements, including all necessary notes, in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, since it does not retain staffing that currently have the expertise. I believe this meets the definition of a material weakness under *Statement on Auditing Standards 112*.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or a combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control. The AICPA Auditing Standards Board issued Statements on Audit Standards (SAS) 112 which establishes standards and provides guidance on communicating matters related to an entity's internal control over financial reporting and is effective for periods ending after December 15, 2006. According to SAS 112, it is considered to be a control deficiency if a client I am auditing has ineffective controls over the preparation of their financial statements such that client controls are absent or controls are not effective in preventing or detecting material misstatements in the preparation of the financial statements, including the related footnotes.

Accrual Adjustments – During the audit, I generally provide significant assistance in identifying and posting accrual adjustments to the accounting records. Accruals represent any adjustments other than cash that impact the accounting records. I bring this to your attention since it meets the above definition on a matter to be communicated.

Segregation of Duties - The relative size of the Township of Koylton limits the extent to which the officials can segregate duties and responsibilities which impairs the basic premise that no one individual should have access to both the physical assets and the related accounting records (or all recording tasks of a transaction from inception to completion).

The Township has implemented mitigating controls to strengthen internal controls and the segregation of duties; however, it must be recognized that the risk of intentional or unintentional errors could be made and not detected in a timely manner.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the Koylton Township's internal control.

My consideration of the internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in the internal control that might be significant deficiencies and, accordingly, would not necessarily disclose all significant deficiencies that are also considered to be material weaknesses. However, I believe the significant deficiencies described above to be material weaknesses.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Koylton Township's financial statements are free of material misstatement, I performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, I do not express such an opinion. The results of my tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

During the course of my examination, certain items have come to my attention on which I would like to comment and offer my recommendations.

- 1) The financial activity of the Township Cemetery should come under the governing jurisdiction of the Township Board. The Township Treasurer should maintain and reconcile cash balances and include these cash balances in the Treasurer's monthly report. Money coming into the cemetery cash account should be receipted by the Township Treasurer and the bills paid are to be approved by the Township Board.
- An employee of the Township can only exclude an expense reimbursement from their salary and subsequently, taxable income, by following the guidelines of an 'Accountable Plan' as defined by the IRS Code.
- Per P.A. 621 of 1968, the Board does not have authorization to spend money that exceeds the budget. The budget must be amended prior to it being exceeded. Amendments to the budget must be detailed as to the increase and decrease amount of each line item being changed. Also, a budget needs to be adopted for the Road Resurfacing Debt Service Fund, Gravel Activity Fund and the Park Fund. Each of the Township's funds should have its own, separate, adopted budget.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, the Board of the Township of Koylton, and Federal and State agencies and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Sincerely,

Lehn L. King

Lehn King

Certified Public Accountant